

Harmonizing Office Culture: Embracing Generational Diversity

May 24, 2018

Agenda

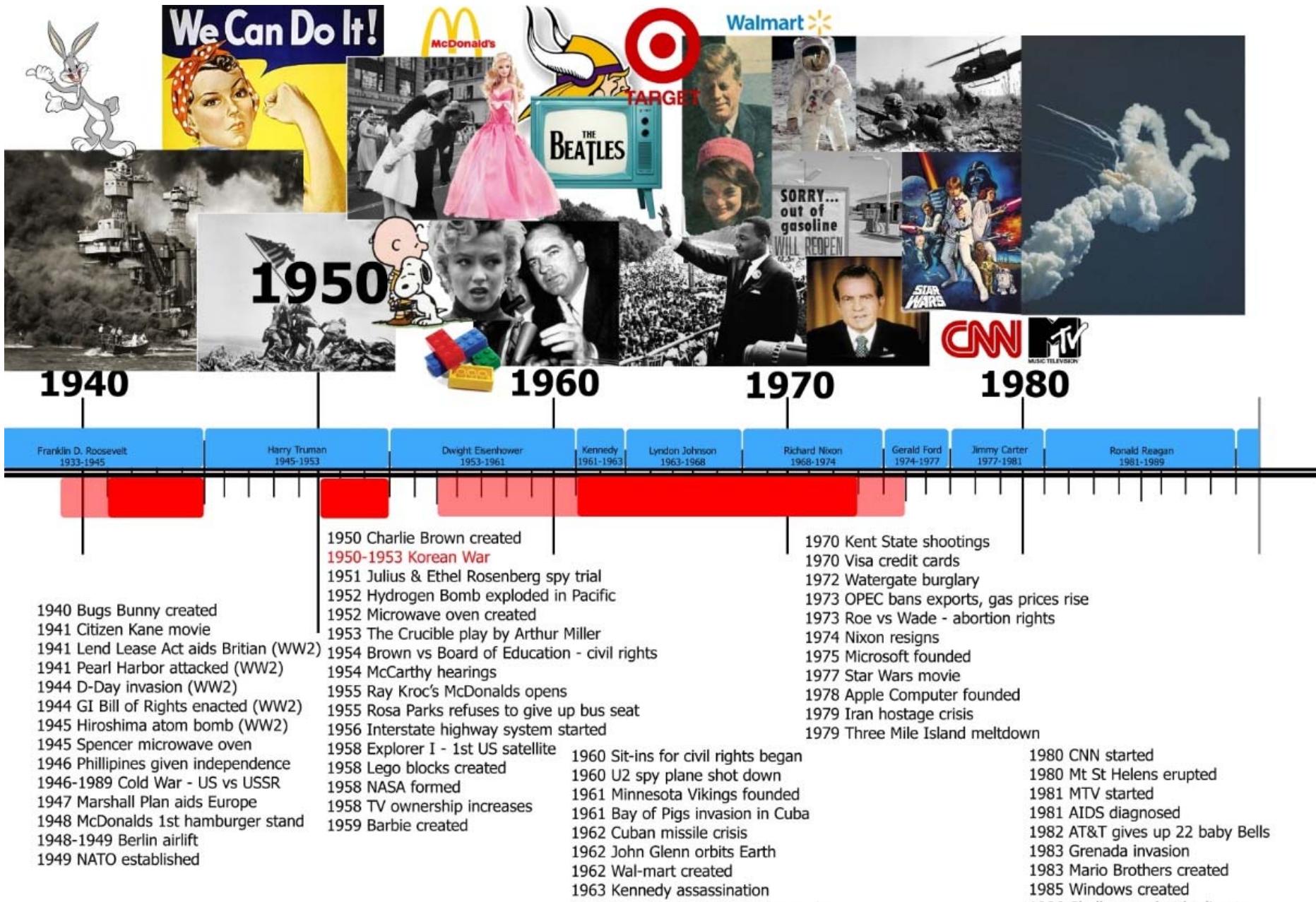
- Generations Defined
- Generational Conflicts at Work
- Benefits of Generational Diversity
- Engaging the Different Generations

Introductions

Generations Defined

Common Questions

- How are generations defined?
- Who decides what boundaries to use?
- How do generations get their names?



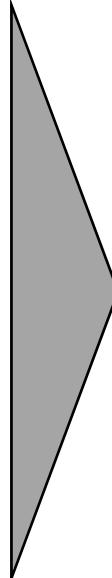
How are generations defined?

Image Credit: <http://hopes-and-dreams.net/img/US-history-timeline1950.jpg>

Who Decides What Boundaries to Use?

- Social scientists mostly. There are no hard and fast dates – mostly general agreed upon timeframes.

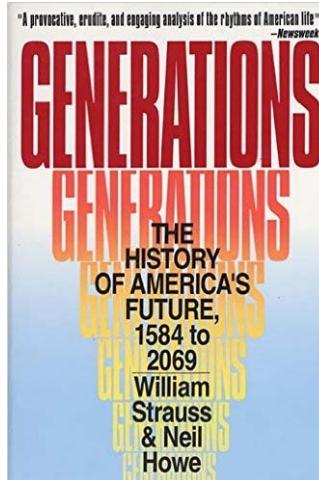
The Atlantic



<http://www.theatlantic.com/national/archive/2014/03/here-is-when-each-generation-begins-and-ends-according-to-facts/359589/>

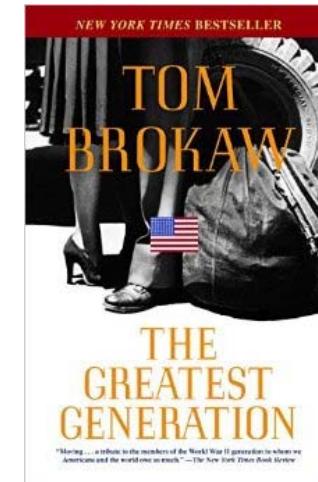
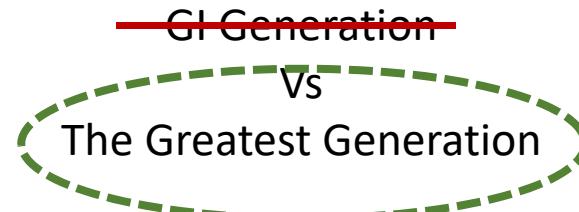
How Do Generations Get Their Names?

- Mostly the media. And popular culture.



Howe & Strauss
1991

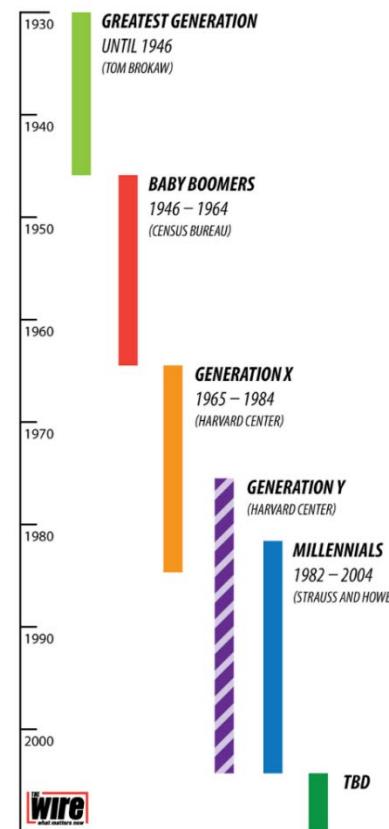
Pre-WWII Generation Names:



Brokaw
1998

Generations – At a Glance

GENERATION, BY BIRTH YEAR



<http://www.theatlantic.com/national/archive/2014/03/heres-when-each-generation-begins-and-ends-according-to-facts/359589/>

Generations – At a Glance

	Approximate Birth Years	Composition of Labor Force
Greatest Generation	Prior to 1945	2%
Baby Boomers	1946-1964	29%
Generation X	1965-1980	34%
Millennials	1981-2000	35%

Source: The Pew Research Center

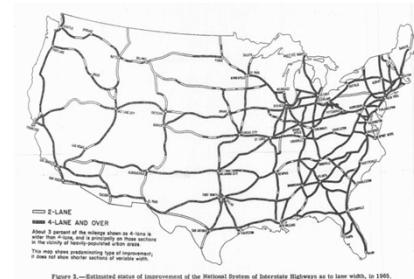
http://www.pewresearch.org/fact-tank/2015/05/11/millennials-surpass-gen-xers-as-the-largest-generation-in-u-s-labor-force/ft_15-05-04_genlaborforcecompositionstacked-2/

Generations Overview Video

- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GnzzwpWV1Fw>

Traditionalists/Greatest

- Experienced hard times while growing up which were followed by times of prosperity.
- Key Influences/Events
 - Great Depression
 - WWII
 - Post-War Economic Boom
 - Korean War
 - Rise of Corporations
- Family Experience: Traditional, Nuclear



Greatest Generation

Core Values & Attributes

- Loyal
- Adhere to rules & conform
- Dedication & Sacrifice
- Delayed Reward
- Discipline & Hard Work
- Trust in Government
- Don't question authority
- Family Focus



Greatest Generation

Attitudes toward Work

- Dedicated
- Pay your dues
- Work hard
- Respect Authority
- Hard work
- Age=seniority
- Company first

Work/Life Balance

- Work hard to maintain job security

Business Focus

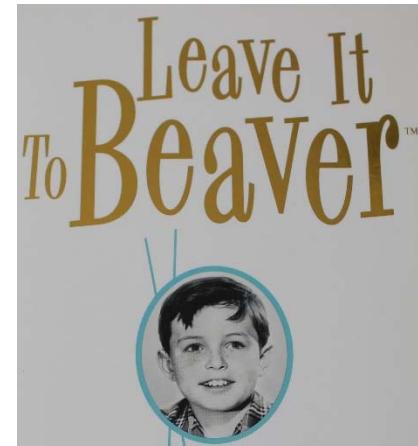
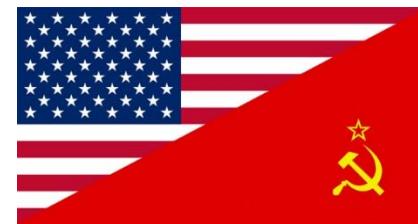
- Quality

Greatest Generation

Work Assets	Work Liabilities
<p>Bring value to the workplace with their experience, knowledge</p> <p>Consistent</p> <p>Disciplined</p> <p>Dependable</p> <p>Detail Oriented</p> <p>Hardworking</p> <p>Loyalty</p> <p>Stable</p> <p>Thorough</p>	<p>Don't adapt well to change</p> <p>Don't deal well w/ ambiguity</p> <p>Hierarchical</p> <p>Typically take a top down approach modeled by the military chain of command</p> <p>Avoid conflict, right or wrong</p>

Baby Boomer

- Grew up during times of relative prosperity. Developed a distrust of government.
- Key Influences/Events
 - Civil Rights Movement
 - Vietnam War
 - Sexual Revolution
 - Cold War/Russia
 - Space Travel
 - Suburbia
- Family Experience
 - “Cleaver Family”
 - Mom stayed home
 - Beginning to “Disintegrate”



Baby Boomer

Core Values & Attributes

- Anti-Establishment
- Challenge Authority
- Equal rights & Equal Opportunity
- Personal Gratification
- Question Everything
- Team Oriented
- Consensus Leadership
- Want to “make a difference”
- Live to work
- Loyal to careers and employers
- Strong work ethic



Baby Boomer

Attitudes toward Work

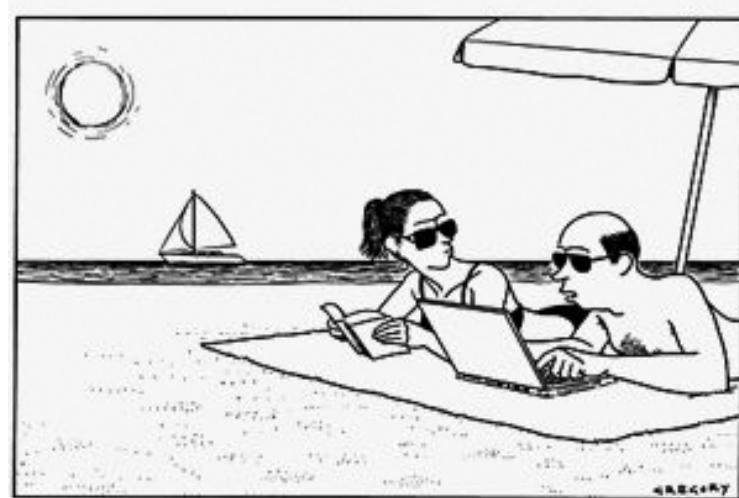
- Workaholic-60 hr work weeks
- Work long hours to establish self-worth, identity, and fulfillment
- Work ethic = Worth ethic
- Quality

Work/Life Balance

- Were hesitant of taking too much time off work for fear of losing their place on the corporate team. As a result, there is an imbalance between work and family.

Business Focus

- Long Hours



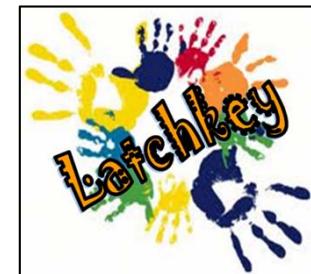
"I am not a workaholic. I just work to relax."

Baby Boomer

Work Assets	Work Liabilities
Anxious to please Challenges the status quo Good at seeing the big picture Good team players Mission oriented Politically Savvy-gifted in political correctness Service oriented Will go the extra mile Works hard	Expect everyone to be workaholics Dislike conflict Don't like change Challenge Authority of Greatest Generation Judgmental if disagree Not good with finances Peer loyalty "Process before results" Self-centered

Generation X

- First generation exposed to “modern” technology.
Often left alone to own devices.
- Key Influences/Events
 - Watergate
 - Dual Income families and single parents
 - First Generation of Latchkey Kids
 - Y2K
 - Corporate Downsizing
 - End of Cold War & Fall of Berlin Wall
 - PC
- Family Experience
 - Latch-key kids
 - Women widely expected to work outside the home
 - The first “day care” generation



Generation X

Core Values/Attributes

- Independent & Self-Reliant
- Confident
- Balance
- Entrepreneurial
- Highly Educated
- Informality
- Lack of organizational loyalty
- Skepticism/Cynical
- Techno literacy
- Adaptable/Flexible

- Results driven
- Self-starters
- Unimpressed with Authority



Image Credit: Toledo Blade

Generation X

Attitudes toward Work

- Balance
- Work smarter and with greater output, not work longer hours.
- Eliminate the task
- Self-reliant
- Want structure & direction
- Skeptical



Work/Life Balance

- Because of parents who are Boomer workaholics, they focus on clearer balance between work and family. Do not worry about losing their place on the corporate team if they take time off.

Business Focus

- Productivity

Generation X

Work Assets	Work Liabilities
Adapt well to change Consumer mentality Direct communicators Don't mind direction but resent intrusive supervision. Eager to Learn, Very Determined Good task managers Good short term problem skills Highly educated Multitaskers Not intimidated by authority Thrive on flexibility Technologically savvy Value "information" Want feedback	Built "portable" resume Cynical, skeptical Dislike Authority Dislike rigid work requirements Impatient No long term outlook Respect Competence Mistrusts Institutions Rejects rules Don't understand the optimism of Boomers and Gen Y

Millennial

- Electronics-filled and increasingly online and socially-networked world.
- The most ethnically diverse generation and tends to be tolerant of differences.
- “You are special.”



Key Influences/Events

- Digital Media
 - Coddled by Parents/child focused world
 - School Shootings
 - AIDS
 - 9/11 & terrorist attacks
 - Expanded technology
 - Natural disasters
-
- ***Family Experience***
 - Helicopter Parents
 - Everybody gets a trophy



Millennial

Core Values/Attributes

- Avid consumers
- Civic Duty/Patriotic
- Diversity/Multiculturalism
- Fun! Now!
- High morals
- Highly tolerant
- Very competitive
- Like personal attention
- Self confident
- Most educated generation
- Extremely techno savvy
- Optimism
- Focus on change using technology
- Sociable -Makes workplace friends



Millennial

Attitudes toward Work

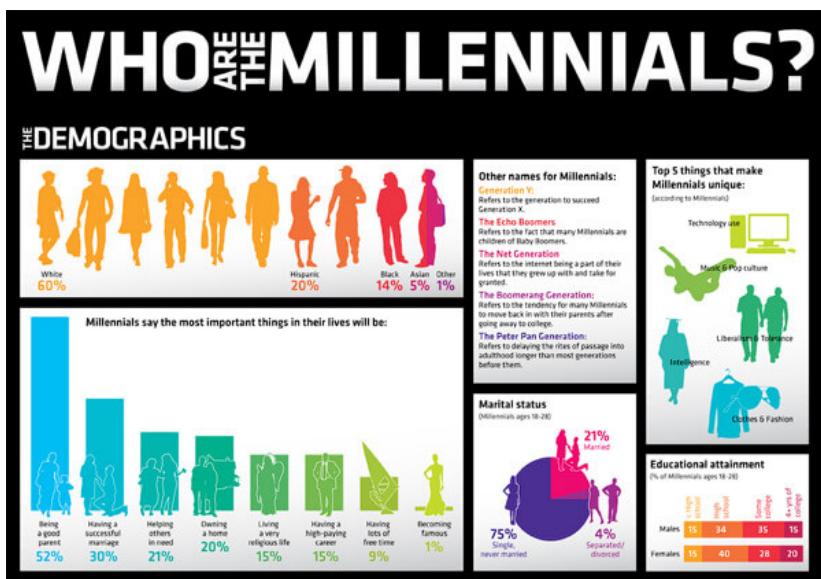
- Ambitious
- What's next?
- Multitasking
- Tenacity
- Entrepreneurial

Work/Life Balance

- Not only balance with work and life, but balance with work, life, community involvement, and self development. Flex time, job sharing, and sabbaticals will be requested more by this generation.

Business Focus

- Contribution



Millennial

Work Assets	Work Liabilities
Consumer mentality Collaboration Goal oriented Highly educated Multitask Fast Optimistic Positive attitude Technical savvy Tenacious	Distaste for menial work Inexperienced Need supervision Need structure Lack discipline; Impatient High expectations Lack of skills for dealing with difficult people Respond poorly to those who act in an authoritarian manner

Generational Conflicts at Work

	BABY BOOM 1946-1964	GENERATION X 1964-1980	GENERATION Y/MILLENNIALS 1980-2000
BUSINESS ICON	Bill Gates	Jeff Bezos	Mark Zuckerberg

Different generational cohorts come of age during different time periods.

DEFINING MOMENTS	Vietnam War Watergate	Fall of the Berlin Wall O.J. Simpson trial	September 11, 2001 Rise of social media
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Thus different social, economic, and cultural contexts.

TECHNOLOGY	machine	computer	Smartphone
WORKPLACE TRAITS	Hardworking and goal oriented, comfortable in hierarchies	Crave work-life balance, skeptical of authority	Prefer flexible work structures, having direct input in projects

As a result, they end up with noticeably different values.

CONTACT METHOD	Call me	E-mail me	Hit me up on Facebook
IT'S 9 P.M. I'M...	...in the office	...home with the family	...out with friends but checking e-mail

These values then clash in the way we do work, and we end up getting angry and blaming, rather than just working it out.

In other words, we have conflict. And that is not unique to any specific generation.



Image credit: <http://decisiontreemediation.com/files/bigstock-Two-angry-business-colleagues-48986036.jpg>

Boomers

VS.

Gen X

Baby Boomers are loyal to a fault and have a strong belief in the group or the collective. They like teamwork.

Gen Xers were largely left along growing up. They tend to prefer independent work.

When Baby Boomers want to get involved, Gen Xers feel micromanaged.

They react negatively and the Boomers feel they are not “team players.”

And conflict ensues.

Gen X

vs.

Millennials

Millennials have grown up in “child-centric” environments. They are also used to being “connected” at all times.

Gen Xers (who are managing Millennials) do not see the need for extra attention and constant updates.

But the Millennials crave the ability to work with groups and to connect more with those up in the hierarchy.

And conflict ensues.

Boomers

vs.

Millennials

Boomers spend most of their career with one employer. Work hard and get recognized through promotion and pay raises.

Boomers don't believe they have earned the attention of company leaders.
“They haven't been here long enough.”

Millennials will have multiple employers in their career. They want access to higher-ups early in their career to help that.

But Millennials just want to learn and contribute to things they see as meaningful.

And conflict ensues.

Benefits of Generational Diversity

Benefits of Diversity



Drive Innovation
& Creativity
- HBR, 2013



Solve Complex
Problems
- UMich, 2004



Perform Better
Financially
- McKinsey, 2012

Become an Employer of Choice

2/3 PEOPLE CONSIDER
DIVERSITY IMPORTANT
WHEN DECIDING
WHERE TO WORK



- 2014 Survey

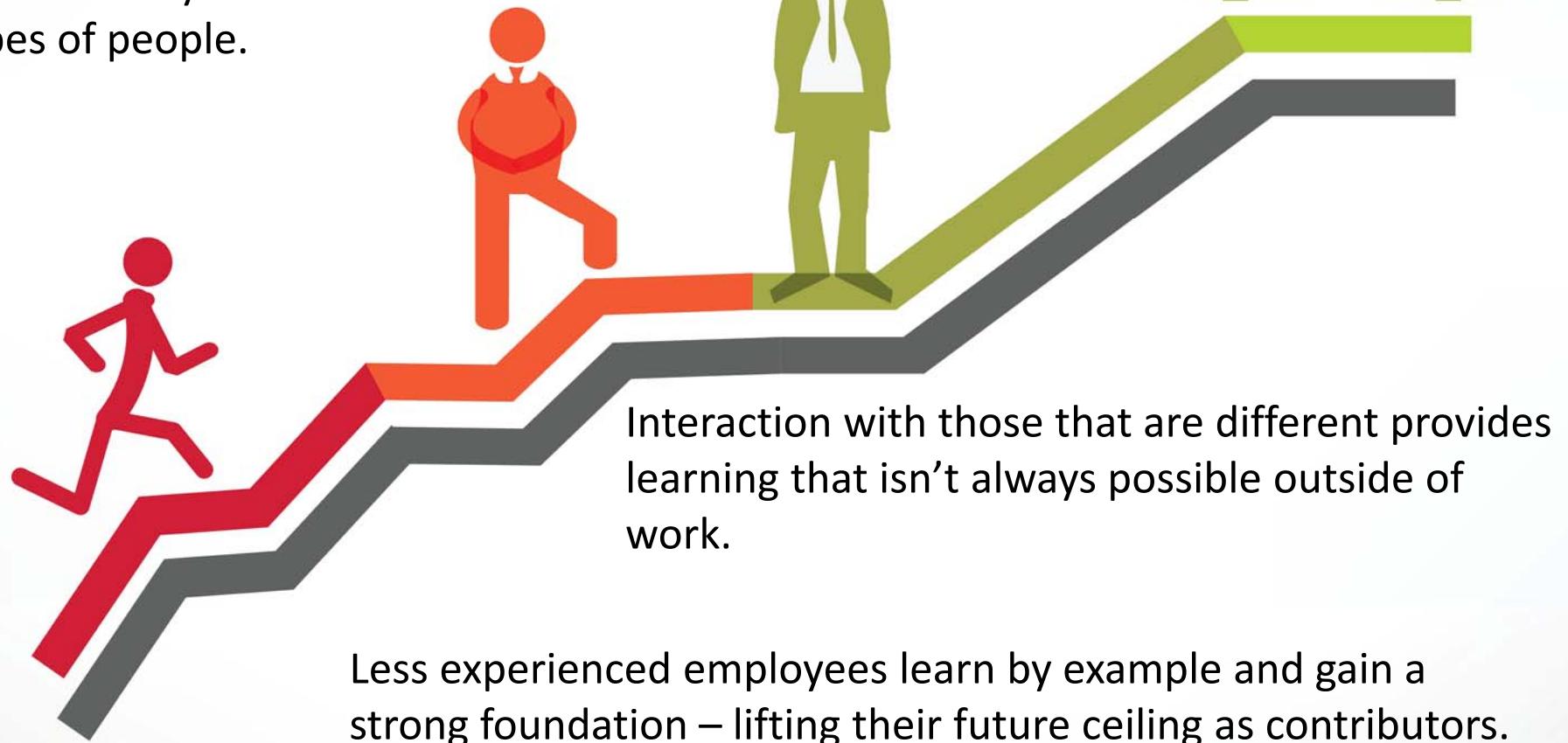
Retention of people of all ages and experience levels has its advantages.

I want the best talent. Period.
I don't care how old they are.

People generally want to work with good people.
Candidates will come.

Younger Workers Gain Professionally

Diverse workforces contain many different types of people.



Diversity Journal, 2012. Image credit: http://www.3r-strategy.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/03/services_job_levelling.jpg

Each Generation Learns From the Others

Generation X and the Millennials benefit from the Boomers' hardworking values, professional experience, and institutional knowledge.

Generation X's value of a balanced life benefits Baby Boomers, who may work too much. Their realistic approach to work benefits the Millennials, whose tenacious, goal-oriented approach to work can sometimes result in misplaced effort.

Millennials are early adopters of technology and have influenced Baby Boomers and Generation X to follow suit, allowing companies to stay competitive while leaning in more on technology to help streamline and systemize our work.

Each Generation Learns From the Others

	Boomers	Gen X	Millennial
Hardworking Values	✓	✗	✗
Professional Experience	✓	✗	✗
Institutional Knowledge	✓	✗	✗
Balanced Life	✗	✓	✗
Realistic Approaches toward Work		✓	✗
Technology-Orientation	✗		✓

Diversity Journal, 2012



Engaging the Different Generations

Engaging the Boomers

- Want to be viewed as mentors
- Value their experience
- Ask; don't tell
- Give credit for achievements

Engaging Generation X



- Like freedom and autonomy
- Believes few rules &flexibility =creativity
- Work/Life Balance
- Don't micromanage, but do give feedback

Engaging Millennials

- Long hours ≠ Productivity
- Work because they enjoy social interaction
- Expects performance rewards, pay increases, bonuses, and advancement opportunities
- Collaborative Supervisors
- Don't treat like children, but do give them mentors and training

Questions



Thank you

Natalie Stubblefield

Plante Moran

Natalie.stubblefield@plantemoran.com